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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		TILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/034,945 12/27/2001		12/27/2001	Gregory Hrdlicka	11738.00041	9362		
27581	7590	0 10/10/2003		EXAM	EXAMINER		
MEDTRO1	•	C. ARKWAY NE	BRADFORD, F	BRADFORD, RODERICK D			
MS-LC340	CONIC PA	ARRWAINE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
MINNEAPO	DLIS, MI	N 55432-5604	3762				
				DATE MAILED: 10/10/2003	3		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)	M					
		10/034,945	5	HRDLICKA ET AL.	0.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit						
		Roderick E		3762						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply										
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status										
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	December 20	<u>001</u> .							
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Ti	his action is r	on-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.										
•	on of Claims	n.								
	Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the application.									
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
	D□ Claim(s) is/are allowed. D□ Claim(s) is/are rejected.									
· ·	Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
•	Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> are subject to restriction and/or	r election requ	irement.	•						
	on Papers				·					
9) 🗌 .	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.								
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.										
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•	• •						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.										
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.										
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.										
_	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).										
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:									
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
14) 🗌 A	4) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 										
Attachmen	-	. •								
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-						

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-24 and 31, drawn to an apparatus system limiting undesired current flow, classified in class 607, subclass 27.
 - II. Claims 25-30, drawn to an apparatus system limiting undesired current flow, classified in class 607, subclass 2.
 - III. Claims 32-34, drawn to an implantable device for application of an electrical signal to electrically sensitive, wherein the medical device is capable of operating in both a unipolar and a bipolar mode, classified in class 607, subclass 9.
 - IV. Claim 35, drawn to an implantable medical device for application of an electrical signal to electrically sensitive tissue, classified in class 607, subclass 28.
 - V. Claim 36, drawn to an implantable medical device for application of an electrical signal to electrically sensitive tissue, classified in class 607, subclass 28.
 - VI. Claims 37 and 38, drawn to a method for limiting the application of an externally induced current to an implantable medical device, classified in class 607, subclass 2.

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VII. Claim 39, drawn to a method for limiting the application of an externally induced current to an implantable medical device, classified in class 607, subclass 2.

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VIII. Claim 40, drawn to a method for limiting the application of an externally induced current to an implantable medical device, classified in class 607, subclass 2.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions VI, VII and VII (method) and I, II, III, IV, and V (apparatus) are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as not requiring comparing the external signal to a signal threshold.
- 3. Inventions II and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one impedance increasing element serially coupled between the capacitive element and an electrical ground. The subcombination has separate utility such as not

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requiring wherein the alternating current blocking element is coupled between the capacitive element and a distal end of the lead, but rather having no current blocking element between the capacitive element and the distal end of the lead.

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- 4. Inventions III and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one impedance increasing element serially coupled between the capacitive element and an electrical ground. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a signal sensor for sensing an external signal, but rather sensing internal signals.
- 5. Inventions IV and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one impedance increasing element serially coupled between the capacitive element and an electrical ground. The subcombination has separate utility such as not

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requiring a plurality of electrical conductors that are connected to the signal generator, but rather only having one electrical conductor connected to the signal generator.

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- 6. Inventions V and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one impedance increasing element serially coupled between the capacitive element and an electrical ground. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a housing having plurality of output ports, but rather only having one output port.
- 7. Inventions III and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one alternating current blocking element. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a switching device for causing the medical device to switch between a unipolar and a bipolar mode of operation, but rather just having the medical device operate in one mode or the other.

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- 8. Inventions IV and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one alternating current blocking element. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a plurality of electrical conductors that are connected to the signal generator, but rather only having one electrical conductor connected to the signal generator.
- 9. Inventions V and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require at least one alternating current blocking element. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a housing having plurality of output ports, but rather only having one output port.
- 10. Inventions III and IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and

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(2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require plurality of electrical conductors. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a switching device for causing the medical device to switch between a unipolar and a bipolar mode of operation, but rather just having the medical device operate in one mode or the other.

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- 11. Inventions III and V are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require plurality of electrical conductors. The subcombination has separate utility such as not requiring a housing having plurality of output ports, but rather only having one output port.
- 12. Inventions IV and V are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination does not require

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a housing having plurality of output ports. The subcombination has separate utility such as requiring a plurality of electrical conductors that are connected to the signal generator, but rather only having one electrical conductor connected to the signal generator.

- 13. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 14. A telephone call was made to John Albrecht on October 1, 2003 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

15. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Roderick Bradford whose telephone number is (703) 305-3287. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7 a.m. - 4 p.m.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on (703) 308-5181. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

R. Bendlong

ANGELA D. SYKES SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700

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